2009 Back to History Lesson Plan Template

Immigration/Migration Due: July 24, 2009

Team Members:	Kathy Feltz, in conjunction with work going on by Cameron Quick and Katie Pierce as cross-curricular lesson		
Instructional Unit:	Ellis Island (math component)		
Title of	Ellis Island-How the First Quota Act decided		
Lesson:	who came to America: Looking at the Numbers		
Grade Level:	6 th Grade		
Description:	This lesson will look at how the First Quota Act worked to decide who could come to America, and decreased the number of immigrants passing through Ellis Island. The students will be interpreting and displaying the data, and looking for trends with possible explanations.		
Standards: Include Standard, Benchmark Letters, and GLI numbers	6 th grade math Number, Number Sense and Operations *use real-life examples to find percentages of numbers. Data Analysis *Select create and use line graphs sirely graphs.		
	*Select, create and use line graphs, circle graphs and histograms.		
Duration:	Two math blocks (approximately 85 minutes each day)		

Materials and Resources (List all books, attached worksheets, website resources, texts)

From LA/SS Classes:

- Lecture notes on immigration through port at Ellis Island
- Powerpoint- Ellis Island: Fact or Fiction

Math Class:

- Lecture notes on legislation for restriction of immigration
- Fourteenth Census of the United States
- Warm-Up Activity Sheet: Graphic Organizer: Why would people want to immigrate to the United States (Push and Pull Factors) versus Factors affecting immigrants acceptance in the United States
- Activity Sheet with table to complete with total foreign-born and area totals for 1910 and 1920, area percent of total foreign born for each decade, amount increased or decreased in the decade, and 3% of the 1910 area totals to determine quota for given countries of birth allowed in to US after First Quota Act of 1921.
- Activity Sheet Creating Circle Graphs to display data
- Questions Comparing Data
- Student Calculators
- Protractors
- Colored pencils

Primary Source Materials: (Include attachments or link to online sources)

Fourteenth Census of the United States Taken in the Year 1920 https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/decennial-census/decade.1920.html and scroll to Census Monographs I-XI, 1922-1931; click on VII: Immigrants and their children 1920; click on PDF, file p.69 (document p. 78).

Warm Up: Students will work in three groups (count off by 3's) to complete Warm-Up Activity Sheet (15 min.) Then group will come together to write ideas on overhead. The students may add new ideas to their sheets. Discussion will be held, with students writing plus or minus by each idea as to its effect on immigration.

Instructional Strategies:

- 1. Class will begin with a lecture on the push for immigration restrictions in the early 1920s. This will include information about WWI ending, impact on Europe, "Red Scare" in U.S., immigrants were unskilled, needing public assistance, fear of immigrants working for less pay and taking jobs from Americans, and the eventual passage of the First Quota Act.(20 min.)
- 2. Students will be given a copy of page 78 from the 1920s U.S. Census identifying "Country of Birth of Foreign Born" for the years 1870-1920. The students will be instructed to highlight the total foreign born and totals for these areas for 1920 and 1910: Northwestern Europe, Central and Eastern Europe, Southern Europe, Other Europe, Asia, and America (not the U.S- Canada, Mexico, Central and South America). This will be used to help complete the Activity Sheet with table. The students may work with a partner or alone, but individual activity sheets must be completed and turned in. (50 min.) (Reminder steps with an example will be displayed on white board for finding percent of total for activity sheet and converting to degrees for making circle graph.) End Day 1
- 3. Students, working with partners, will make circle graphs. One partner's graph will represent area percents of total foreign-born for 1910, the other partner's will represent area percents of total foreign-born for 1920.
- 4. Students will use graphs to help answer questions comparing

the data. Then the teacher will lead a group discussion about the questions.

Homework and Practice: Using the 3% figures for each of the areas, what should their immigration figures be for the 1930 Census?

Assessment Question: (This should be a 4pt Extended Response type question based on the content of your lesson. Include rubric.)

In 1924, the Second Quota Act restricted immigration even more. To determine the quota for each area, it allowed only 2% of the areas totals from the 1890 Census and excluded all Asians. Using p. 78 of the 1920 Census, what was the new quota figure for each area? Explain why you think this was done.

Re-teach Activity: Math skills used in finding percents, degrees and using the protractor to create circle graphs can be used for other decades for further comparison.

Extension Activity: This information will be used to lead into study of immigration's impact on the United States.

TABLE 48.—Country of Birth of Foreign-born [Figures for each consus year relate to

T		NUMBER					
	COUNTRY OF BIRTH	1920	1910	1900	1890	1880	1870
1	Total foreign born	3, 920, 692	13, 515, 886	10, 841, 276	0, 249, 560	6, 679, 943	6, 567, 229
2	Europa		11, 791, 841	8, 871, 780	8, 020, 608	5, 744, 311	4, 936, 618
3 4 6 7 8 9 10 11	Northwestern Europe	5, 516, 202 813, 863 254, 570 67, 066 1, 037, 234 363, 863 625, 585 189, 154 131, 760 62, 687	6, 550, 304 877, 719 261, 076 82, 488 1, 362, 261 403, 877 665, 207 181, 649 120, 063 49, 400	6, 806, 101 840, 513 233, 524 93, 586 1, 615, 459 336, 388 582, 014 153, 690 94, 931	7, 165, 646 909, 092 242, 231 100, 079 1, 871, 509 322, 605 478, 041 132, 543 81, 828	5, 461, 226 684, 160 170, 136 83, 302 1, 854, 571 181, 729 194, 337 64, 196 58, 090	4, 815, 171 555, 046 140, 835 74, 533 1, 855, 827 114, 246 97, 332 30, 107 46, 802
10 11 12 13 14 15 16	Germany	1, 080, 108	124, 848 117, 418 2, 311, 237	29, 757 3, 031 115, 593 104, 197 2, 663, 418	22, 639 2, 882 104, 009 113, 174 2, 784, 894	15, 535 12, 836 88, 621 100, 971 1, 966, 742	12, 553 5, 802 75, 153 116, 402 1, 600, 533
17 18	Central and eastern Europe Poland	4, 448, 787 1, 130, 979	3, 712, 804 1 037, 884	1, 473, 228 383, 407	635, 735 147, 440	221, 034 48, 557	93, 916 14, 436
20 21 22	Poland. Ozoobosłowskia. Austria. Hungary. Yugosłavia. Sarbia.	862, 438 575, 627 897, 283 169, 439	² 845, 555 495, 609	-1	241, 377 62, 435	124, 024 11, 520	70, 797 3, 737
23	Sarbia		4, 639 5, 374				
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 27 28 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	Servia. Montenegro. Russia. Lithuania. Finland. Rumania. Bulgaria. Turkey in Europe.	1, 400, 495 135, 068 149, 824 102, 823 10, 477 5, 284	31,184,412 129,680	423,726	102,011	35, 722	4, 644
29 30	Bulgaria Turkey in Europe	10, 477 5, 284	129, 680 65, 923 11, 498 3 32, 230	19,910	1,830	1 1, 205	4 802
31 32 33 34	Southern Europe	1, 911, 213 175, 976	1, 525, 878 101, 285 (3) 1, 343, 128	590 900	206, 648 1, 887		25, 853 390
34 35 36	Southern Europe	5, 608 1, 610, 113 49, 535 69, 981	1, 343, 12, 22, 10, 59, 36	484, 027 7, 050 30, 608	182, 580 0, 185 15, 996	44, 230 5, 121 8, 138	17, 157 3, 704 4, 542
87	Other Europe		. 2, 85	3 2,251	12,579	3, 788	1,678
88	Asia			120, 248	113,396	107, 630	64, 565
89 40 41	Armenia. Palestine. Syria. Turkey in Asia. China. Japan.	36, 628 3, 203 51, 901	59,72	0 (1)	(4)	(0)	(9)
42 43 44 45	China Japan Jada	48, 560 - 81, 500	67.74	6 81, 534 4 24, 788 4 2, 03	1 106, 701 2, 292 1 2, 143	104, 468 401 1, 707	1 73 8
46	India Other Asia	4, 901 5, 230	2, 59	11,89	2, 260	1,054	804
47	America						551, 335
48 49 50	Canada—French 6 Canada—Other 6 Newfoundland 4	307, 78 817, 13 13, 24	385,08 819,56 5,08 15,18	4 784,79	f '	3 } 717, 157	
50 51 52 58 54	Cenada—French 6 Canada—Other 6 Newfoundland 6 Cuba Other West Indies Mexico. Central America South America	14,87 7 64,09 486,41 4,91 18,55	7 39.50	102 30	1 23,25 3 77,85 7 1,19 3 5,00		42, 435 7 301
55	South America	18, 55	2 1,77 1 8,2	3, 80 28 4, 78	8 5,00	3 4,56	3, 565
56	All other 8	73, 67	2 43,8	31,80	27, 31	1 20,77	2 14,711

Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.
 Persons reported in 1910 as of Polish mother tongue horn in Germany (98,182 males; 91,014 females), Austria (199,485 males; 129,933 females), and Russia (270,303 males; 148,007 females) have been deducted from the respective countries and combined as Poland for comparison with number reported in 1920 as born in Poland.
 Albania included with Turkey in Europe in 1910.

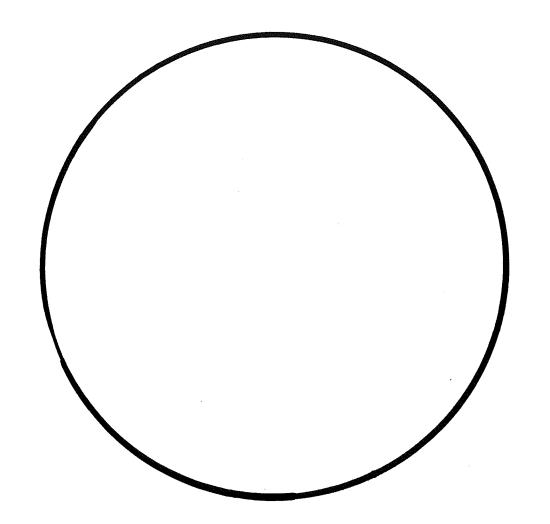
Foreign-born	United States
Push Factors:	U.S. reasons to encourage immigration:
Pull Factors	U.S. reasons to discourage immigration:

Warm-Up Thoughts

Name	Date
1910	and 1920 Foreign-Born Population Questions
1910	
1.	From which of our areas were most of the foreign-born?
2.	Using other resources (books, notes, online, etc.) what were some of the factors that might have lead to their immigration?
3.	Using other resources, what were some of the pull factors to the U.S?
4.	Why do you think the First Quota Act used this decade's figures for their formula?
1920	
	. From which of our areas were most of the foreign-born?
2	Were there any areas that decreased in immigration?
	Give 2 possible reasons
f	or this decrease.
	. Using other resources (books, notes, online, etc.) what were
S	ome of the factors that might have lead to their immigration?
	. Using other resources, what were some of the pull factors to ne U.S.?
5.	Name at least 3 reasons the US restricted immigration.
6.	What about immigration, today? Name at least 2 things you think you have heard.
7.	Immigration does/does not need restrictions. Choose how you would answer this and explain why you feel this way.

Name	Date	e

Circle Graph of _____



Assessment Question	
Name	Date

In 1924, the Second Quota Act restricted immigration even more. To determine the quota for each area, it allowed only 2% of the areas' totals from the 1890 Census, and excluded all Asians. Using p. 78 of the 1920 Census, what was the new quota figure for each area? Explain why you think this Second Quota Act was written, giving at least 3 reasons.

Activity Sheet: Table of Foreign-Born Data 1910 and 1920